# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### Revised: 1/7/2016

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: TT-LS Liquid Shine Car Wash
Packaged as	: Case of 1-gallon, 5-gallon Pail, 55-gallon Drum
Product type	: Liquid Cleaner
Identified uses	: Cleaning Vehicles
Supplier's details	: 20/10 Products, PO Box 7609, Salem OR 97303
Emergency telephone	: Chemtrec, 1-800-424-9300, Acct #: CCN4

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

#### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	1	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	1	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	:	Store locked up.



### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
Product code	:		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
1-Methoxy-2-propanol Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated 2-aminoethanol	l, sulfates, ammonium salts	5 - 10 1 - 5 1 - 5	107-98-2 67762-19-0 141-43-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects. acute and delayed

# Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed. if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special measures are required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) 3/14

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste

# Section 7. Handling and storage

<b>v</b>	
Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). STEL: 540 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
2-aminoethanol	STEL: 540 mg/m³ 15 minutes.ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 7.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours.TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection meas	ures de la constante de la const
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear.
Odor	: Not ava
Odor threshold	: Not ava
рН	: 9.5 to 1

: Clear.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: 9.5 to 10.5
: 0°C(32°F)
: 96.111°C (205°F)
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: 1
: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.



# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		13 g/kg 6600 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	-	-	-	A4	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

1-Methoxy-2-propanol Name	outegoly	exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

Information on the likely : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.

#### routes of exposure

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#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

- Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact : Causes severe burns.
  - : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to	the physical. chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain
	watering

Inhalation

Ingestion

redness No known significant effects or critical hazards.



# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Skin contact	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Acute toxicity estimates		
Numerical measures of tox	icit	<u>v</u>

Route	ATE value
Oral	86868.7 mg/kg
Dermal	55555.6 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	555.6 mg/L

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC50 >100000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	lo
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	w

#### Mobility in soil

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Soil/water partition** coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	<b>DOT Classification</b>	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmenta I hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

**AERG** : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according** : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code



# Section 15. Regulatory information

J.S. Federal regulations	1	TSCA 8(a) CDR E	Exempt/Part	tial exemptior	n: Not determi	ined	
-		United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.					
		Clean Water Act (	(CWA) 311:	sodium metap	hosphate		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
SARA 302/304							
Composition/information	on	<u>ingredients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not applicable.					
SARA 311/312							
Classification		Immediate (acute)	health haza	ard			
Composition/information	on		<b>▼</b> ▼	Sudden	Reactive	Immediate	Delayed
Name		%	Fire Hazard	Release of		(Acute)	(Chronic
				pressure		health hazard	health hazard
1-Methoxy-2-propanol Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates,		, 5 - 10 1 - 5	Yes. No.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfa			No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

	metaphosphate
New York	: The following components are listed: sodium metaphosphate
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: 1-Methoxy-2-propanol; 2-aminoethanol
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: 1-Methoxy-2-propanol; 2-aminoethanol; sodium metaphosphate
California Prop. 65	

No products were found.

# Section 16. Other information

: 04/30/2014
: 1
: Not applicable.
: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.



### Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations
Nation to reader	

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be

used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

